CONCORDIA COUNCIL ON AGING, INC. VIDALIA, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORTS

June 30, 2009

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 12/2/09

LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR

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Concordia Council on Aging Vidalia , Louisiana

June 30, 2009

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD &A)

The following discussion and analysis of Concordia Council on Aging's financial performance provides an overview of the Council's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2009. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which begin on page 9.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- > The Council showed a net decrease in overall net assets of \$ 16,586 or 8% this year.
- > Net Capital Assets of the Council decreased by \$ 15,343 or 17%.
- > No deficit fund balances exist at year-end.
- > The unreserved, undesignated fund balance for the Council's General Fund was \$ 110,777 at year-end, which is a \$ 128 increase from the prior year.

HOW TO USE THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 9 and 10) provide information about the activities of the Council as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Council's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 12. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Council's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Council's most significant funds.

Our auditor has provided assurance in his independent auditor's report, located immediately after this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. The auditor is providing varying degrees of assurance about Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASB Statement 34 and Supplementary Financial Information Required by GOEA that follow later in the reporting package. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each part of the financial section of the report.

Reporting the Council as a Whole Using Government-Wide Statements

Our analysis of the Council as a whole begins on page 9. An important question to ask about the Council's finances is, "Is the Council as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (referred to collectively as the Government-Wide financial Statements) report information about the Council as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar the to accounting method used by most private-sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Government-Wide statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 and report the council's net assets and changes in them. Some of the net assets are restricted which means they can only be used for a specific purpose. The Statement of Net Assets is designed to present the financial position of the Council as of year-end. Over time, increases or decreases in the Council's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, to assess the overall financial position of the Council, you will need to consider other non-financial factors, such as the condition of the Council's capital assets and facilities, the addition or termination of grants and other revenue sources, and the expansion or contraction of programs and services.

The statement of activities provides information that shows how the Council's net assets changed as a result of this year's activities. All of the Council's significant activities are reported in the Statement of Activities. These activities include a Health, Welfare, and Social Services function. The Health, Welfare, and Social Services function is comprised of various programs that include various supportive social services, nutritional services, and utility assistance. All activities of the Council are considered to be governmental activities. A governmental activity is one where the Council uses money it received from government grants and contracts, along with donations from the general public, or a segment of the general public, such as the elderly. In other words, the people benefiting from the services are not required to pay for what they receive. If the Council charged fees to cover all or most of the cost of providing a service, that activity would be classified as a business-type activity. The Council does not have any business-type activities.

Reporting the Council's Most Significant Funds Using Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the Council's major funds begins on page 12. The Fund Financial Statements can be found on pages 12 to 15 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds-not the Council as a whole. In the Fund Financial Statements you will see a General Fund and a variety of Special Revenue Funds. The General Fund is used to account for proceeds that are not legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. By using separate funds to track revenues and expenditures, we can control and manage funds for particular purposes or we can show that the fund is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain grants and other money.

The General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are considered governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the *modified* accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Council's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Council's programs. We have presented the difference between the net assets of governmental activities and the fund balances of the governmental funds in a reconciliation at the bottom of the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds. In addition, the difference between the change in net assets for the governmental activities has been presented in a reconciliation on a separate page that follows the statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the Governmental Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 to 26. You should read the notes before making assumptions or drawing conclusions about the Council's financial condition.

Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASB Statement 34

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 requires budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The schedules compare the original and final appropriated budgets to actual budget results for the Council's fiscal year. We have also opted to present positive and negative variances between the final budget and actual amounts.

Major funds are those funds whose revenues, expenditures, assets, or liabilities are at least 10% of corresponding totals for all governmental funds. In addition, a major fund could be a fund that does not meet these criteria but which we believe is important to present for the Council's financial statement users.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is also required supplementary information (RSI) by GASB Statement 34. However, it is presented as the first item in this reporting package and not with the other RSI by GASB statement 34.

Other Supplementary Financial Information Required by GOEA

The Council has also presented other required supplemental information in this report package.

The Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) has required the Council to present as schedules the information on pages 33 and 35. This information will be used by GOEA to verify the accuracy of information the Council submitted to it during the year and to help GOEA monitor certain compliance requirements set forth in the grants that it has with the Council.

AN ANALYSIS OF THE COUNCIL AS A WHOLE USING GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table reflects condensed information on the Council's net assets:

<u>2008</u>	<u> 2009</u>
Current and other assets \$112,640	\$111,801
Capital Assets, net of depreciation 88,948	73,605
Total Assets 201,588	185,406
Current Liabilities 620	1,024
Total Liabilities 620	1,024
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 88,948	73,605
Restricted 1,371	-
Unrestricted 110,649	110,777
Total Net Assets \$200,968	\$184,382

As of June 30, 2009, the Council "as a whole" had assets greater than its liabilities by \$ 184,382. The Council's total net assets decreased from \$ 200,968 to \$ 184,382. This equates to an decrease of 8%.

The Council's unrestricted net assets increased by \$ 128 over the year. About 60% of the Council's net assets are unrestricted as of June 30, 2009. It is important that the Council have unrestricted net assets so that we will have resources available to adapt to changes in the economy, emergencies, unexpected needs, and reduction in or termination of grant revenues by government agencies.

The Council's restricted net assets decreased by \$ 1,371 or 100%. Net assets are reported as restricted when the constraints placed upon the asset's use are either (a) externally imposed by a grantor, contributor, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The net assets that have been invested in capital assets are presented net of any related outstanding debt incurred to acquire them.

AN ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Most of the Council's activities are funded by federal, state, and local grants. These grants amount to approximately 92% of the revenues of the Council in 2009 and 90% in 2008. Some of these grants are restricted which means that the money can only be used in certain programs. The amount of funds available from most of the grants remains rather constant from year to year, however, some grant amounts may change based upon the level of service by the Council under terms of the particular grant award.

The Council also receives donations from its clients and the general public. These revenues help to lessen the financial burden on the Council and allow it to maintain and expand services. Public support revenues represented 5% and 8% of the total revenues of 2009 and 2008 respectively.

The Council invests idle funds and is able to earn some interest on this money each year. The investment earnings are used or accumulated as necessary to meet expenses each year.

When reviewing the Government-Wide Statement of activities, there are relationships that are important to the understanding of the Council's operations. As you can read, the Council's largest activities are related to nutrition services. The Council's main focus is to meet the needs of the elderly citizens of Concordia Parish. There is a high demand for these services; therefore, resources are channels to meeting the demand.

AN ANALYSIS OF THE COUNCIL'S FUNDS USING GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Balances

The Council showed a combined governmental fund balance of \$ 110,777 (as shown on the Fund Financial Statement's balance sheet at page 12) at the end of this year, which is a decrease of \$ 1,243. However, when you look at the funds individually you will see that the Council's General Fund increased by \$ 128 this year, while the Special Revenue Funds had a combined fund balance decrease of \$ 1,371.

In addition, the General Fund also transferred funds to cover the deficits of some of the Special Revenue Funds. The transfers to the Special Revenue funds are the main reasons for the decrease in General Fund's fund balance this year.

Revenues

The combined fund revenues increased \$21,941 this year versus last year or 10%.

Expenditures

Total expenditures increased by \$ 11,242 this year, or 5%.

AN ANALYSIS OF THE GENERAL FUND BUDGET

The original and final budgets for the General, Title III-B, Title III C-1, and Title III C-2 funds are located in the Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASB Statement 34 section of this report on pages 28 to 31. When you review the budget versus actual schedule, you will note that the favorable and unfavorable variances are not very large. This is a result of the budget amendment process, which allows us the opportunity to use hindsight to adjust the forecast made at the beginning of the year, if necessary.

AN ANALYSIS OF CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the year, the Council had \$73,605 in fixed assets net of accumulated depreciation of \$143,464. This amounted to a net decrease of \$15,343 from last year.

Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation at Year End

	Governmental Activit	ies
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>
Land	\$5,000	\$5,000
Furniture & Equipment	2,572	2,903
Buildings	61,033	59,377
Vehicles	20,343	6,325
	\$88,948	\$73,605

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The Council receives most of its funding from federal and state agencies passed through the Cenla Area Agency on Aging, Inc. Because of this, the source of income for the Council is rather steady. However, some of the Council's grants and contracts are contingent upon the level of service provided by the Council, and therefore, revenues may vary from year to year. In setting the budget for fiscal year 2010, it was important that we deliver at least the same level of service to our clients and the public as we did in 2009. All of the Council's grants and contracts from the usual federal and state agencies have been approved for FY 2010. There have been no significant changes to the funding levels or terms of the grants and contracts. Accordingly, we have set our initial budget to provide the same programs and levels of service next year. There are no plans to add any significant programs for the next year.

CONTACTING THE COUNCIL'S MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide government agencies and the general public an overview of the Council's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money that it receives. If you have any questions about this report or wish to ask for more information, you should contact Dorothy H. McDonald, the Council's Executive Director, at the Council's main office located at 405 Carter Street, Vidalia, Louisiana, by phone at 318-336-7887.

Paul Dauzat, CPA

MEMBER
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P.O. Box 12359 Alexandria, LA 71315 MEMBER SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Concordia Council on Aging, Inc. Vidalia, Louisiana

I have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of Concordia Council on Aging, Inc., (a non-profit, quasi-public organization) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Council's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the U.S. and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Concordia Council on Aging, Inc., as of June 30, 2009, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated September 22, 2009. on my consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and my test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts.

My audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The additional information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of Concordia Council on Aging, Inc. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Certified Public Accountant September 22, 2009

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GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONCORDIA COUNCIL ON AGING, INC. VIDALIA, LOUISIANA

GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash	\$ 53,959
Investments	45,433
Grants and Contracts Receivable	12,409
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	73,605
Total Assets	185,406
Accounts Payable	1,024
Total Liabilities	1,024
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets (net of debt)	73,605
Restricted for:	
Utility Assistance	-
Unrestricted/ Undesignated	110,777
Total Net Assets	\$ 184,382

CONCORDIA COUNCIL ON AGING VIDALIA, LOUISIANA

GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2009

Net (Expenses) Revenue and

Increases

(Decreases) in Net Assets	lotal Governmental Activities		ج	•	•	•	•	,	9 0 0	(1,3/6)		1	•	1 (1)	(105,735)	(107,131)	!	71.12	1,428	90,545	(980'01)		\$ 104,352
Program Revenues	Capital Grants and Contributions		· 69	•	•	•	•	1	•	•		í	r			÷							
Program	Operating Grants and Contributions		\$ 20,720	17,986	1,230	69,868	30 867	200,00	60,320	4,269		18,016	13,519	3,506		\$ 240,101		grams					
	In-Direct Expenses		\$ 7,159	6,215	428	24,157	0.0	200,01	20,853	•		6,228	4,673	1,212	100,467	\$ 181,994		Grants and Contributions not restricted to specific programs	int Income	Total General Revenues and Special Items	n Net Assets	ig of the year	те уеаг
	Direct Expenses		13,561	11,771	802	45,711		20,065	39,467	5,645		11,788	8,846	2,294	5,288	\$ 165,238	General Revenues:	Grants and Contribut	Unrestricted Investment Income	Total General Revi	increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	Net Assets - Beginning of the year	Net Assets - End of the year
		Function/Programs Governmental Activities Health, Welfare, & Social Services:	Other Services	Information and Assistance	Outreach	Transportation	Nutrition Services:	Congregate Meals	Home Delivered Meals	Utility Assistance	National Family Caregiver Support:	Respite Care	Other Services	In-Home Services	Other Senior Activities	Total Governmental Activities							

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONCORDIA COUNCIL ON AGING, INC. VIDALIA, LOUISIANA

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	General Fund	Title III B	Title III C-1	Title III C-2	Title III-E	Non-Major Funds	Total
Assets Cash	\$ 53,959	()	69	⇔	€9	€	\$ 53,959
Grants and Contracts Receivable Due from Special Revenue Funds	12 400	3,770	2,626	2,993	2,739	281	12,409 12 409
Due from Special Revenue Funds Total Assets	\$ 111,801	\$ 3,770	\$ 2,626	2,993	2,739	\$ 281	12,409 \$ 124,210
Liabilities Accounts Payable Due to General Fund	1,024	3,770	2,626	2,993	2,739	281	1,024 12,409
l otal Liabilities	1,024	3,770	2,626	2,993	2,739	281	13,433
Fund Balances: Reserved for:							
Utility Assistance Unreserved/Undesignated:	1	ſ		•	•	,	1
General Fund	110,777						110,777
Total Fund Balances	110,777	,				0	110,777
Total Liabilitles and Fund Balances	\$ 111,801	\$ 3,770	\$ 2,626	\$ 2,993	\$ 2,739	\$ 281	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: -Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not	mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: •Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	es in the statemer	it of net assets are	e different because	e: ot reported in the f	unds	73,605

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$ 184,382

CONCORDIA COUNCIL ON AGING, INC. VIDALIA, LOUISIANA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	General Fund	Title III-B	Title III C-1	Title III C-2	Title III-E	Non-Major Funds	Totals
Revenues Intergovernmental: Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 57,500	↔	. ↔		↔	\$ 31,617	\$ 89,117
Passed through Cenla Area Agency on Aging, Inc.	ı	41,038	8,537	24,740	21,471	2,836	98,622
Police Jury	26,355		•		,	•	26,355
FEMA	•	1	250	250	•	1	200
Interest Income	1,428	•	•	•	ı		1,428
United Way	•	5,000	•	5,000	ı	•	10,000
Public Support:							
Contributions	3,896	2,045	3,766	3,021	1	•	12,728
Utility Assistance	•	1	•	•	•	4,269	4,269
Total Revenues	89,179	48,083	12,553	33,011	21,471	38,722	243,019
Expenditures							
Health, Welfare & Social Services							
Current:							1
Salaries	•	70,925	25,259	35,697	22,211	2,844	156,936
Fringe	•	7,149	2,144	3,542	2,230	344	15,409
Travel	•	846	217	380	4,052	18	5,513
Operating Services	,	27,756	2,316	19,807	2,556	192	52,627
Operating Supplies	1	2,917	692	816	443	100	4,968
Other Costs	720	211	36	78	43	80	1,099
Capital Outlay	2,065	•	•	•	ı	•	2,065
Utility Assistance	•	,	1	4	•	5,645	5,645
Total Expenditures	2,785	109,804	30,667	60,320	31,535	9,151	244,262

CONCORDIA COUNCIL ON AGING, INC. VIDALIA, LOUISIANA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(1,243)	117,883	•	(1,243)	112,020	\$ 110,777
29,571	675 (31,617)	(30,942)	(1,371)	1,371	s)
(10,064)	10,064	10,064	•		. ₩
(27,309)	27,309	27,309	t	•	₩
(18,114)	18,114	18,114	1	-	С
(61,721)	61,721	61,721		-	€
86,394	. (86,266)	(86,266)	128	110,649	\$ 110,777
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues Over Expenditures	Other financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Net Increase (Decrease) In Fund Balances	Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	Fund Balance, End of Year

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Concordia Council on Aging, Inc. Vidalia, La.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net Increase (Decrease) in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(1,243)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount that depreciation exceeds capital outlays including loss on disposals and sale of assets.		<u>(15,343)</u>
Increase (Decrease) of net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$</u> _	(16,586)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE Purpose of the Council on Aging and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Purpose of the Council on Aging

The purpose of the Council is to collect facts and statistics and make special studies of conditions pertaining to the employment, financial status, recreation, social adjustment, mental and physical health or other conditions affecting the welfare of the aging people in the parish; to keep abreast of the latest developments in these fields of activity throughout Louisiana and the United States; to interpret its findings to the citizens of the parish and state level; to conduct public meetings to make recommendations for needed improvements and additional resources; to promote the welfare of aging people when requested to do so; to coordinate and monitor services of other local agencies serving the aging people of the parish; and to assist and cooperate with the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) and other departments of state and local governments serving the elderly; and to make recommendations relevant to the planning and delivery of services to the elderly of the parish.

Specific services provided by the Council to the elderly residents of the parish include providing congregate and home delivered meals, nutritional education, wellness, information and assistance, outreach, chore, telephoning, medication management, utility assistance, recreation and transportation.

B. Reporting Entity

In 1964, the State of Louisiana passed Act 456 authorizing the charter of a voluntary council on aging for the welfare of the aging people in each parish of Louisiana. However, before the council on aging can begin operations in a specific parish, its application for a charter must receive approval from the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs pursuant to LA R.S. 46:1602. The functions of each council on aging in Louisiana must comply with the objectives of state laws and are governed by the policies and regulations established by GOEA.

The Organization is a legally separate, non-profit, quasi-public corporation. It received its charter and began operations on July 8, 1969. A board of directors, consisting of 15 voluntary members, who serve three year terms, governs the Council. The board of directors is comprised of, but not limited to representatives of the Parish's elderly population, general public, private businesses and elected public officials. Board members are elected annually.

Membership in the Council is open at all times, without restriction, to all residents of the parish who have reached the age of majority and who express an interest in the Council and wish to contribute to or share in its programs. Membership fees are not charged.

Based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, the Council on Aging is not a component unit of another primary government nor does it have any component units that are related to it. In addition, based on the criteria set forth in GASB Codification Section 2100, the Council has presented its financial statements as a primary government, because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. As previously

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

mentioned, GOEA establishes the policies and regulations that all councils must follow. Included in its policies is a provision that the Council's budget be approved by GOEA. However, this approval process is part of GOEA's general oversight responsibility for the Council and is more ministerial or compliance oriented than substantive.

Accordingly, the Council is viewed as being fiscally independent for purposes of applying the reporting entity criteria of GASB Statement 14.

C. Presentation of Statements

The Council's statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States of America as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The Council has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds; however, the Council has chosen not to do so because it does not have any business-type activities or enterprise funds. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Council are discussed below.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the Statement include the following:

- * A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD & A) section providing an analysis of the Council's overall financial position and results of operations.
- * Government-Wide Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Council's activities.
- * A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements). The Council was required to implement the general provisions of GASB Statement No. 34 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004.

D. Basic Financial Statements-Government-Wide Statements

The Council's basic financial statements include both Government-Wide (reporting the Council as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Council's major funds). Both the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Council's functions and programs have been

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

classified as governmental activities. The Council does not have any business-type activities, fiduciary funds, or any component units that are fiduciary in nature. Accordingly, the Government-Wide financial statements do not include any of these activities or funds.

In the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental type activities Column is presented on a consolidated basis by column, and is reported on a full accrual, economic basis which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Council's net assets are reported in three parts; invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets. Restricted net assets consist of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net assets include all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

The Council's policy is to use restricted resources first to finance its activities. Quite often unrestricted resources are available for use that must be consumed or they will have to be returned to GOEA. In such cases it is better for management to elect to apply and consume the unrestricted resources before using the restricted resources. As a result, the Council will depart from its usual policy of using restricted resources first.

The Government-Wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Council's functions and significant programs. Many functions and programs are supported by general government revenues like intergovernmental revenues and unrestricted investment income, particularly if the function or program has a net cost. The Statement of Activities begins by presenting gross direct and indirect expenses that include depreciation, and then reduces the expenses by related program revenues such as operating and capital grants and contributions, to derive the net cost of each function or program. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or program to be used to directly offset its cost. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Council allocates its indirect costs among various functions and programs in accordance with Circular A-87. The Statement of Activities presents this allocation in a separate column labeled indirect expenses. In addition, GOEA provides grant funds to help the Council pay for a portion of its indirect costs. As a result, only the indirect costs in excess of the GOEA funds are allocated to the Council's other functions and programs.

The Government-Wide Statements focus on the Council's ability to sustain operations and the change in its net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

E. Basic Financial Statements-Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Council are reported in individual funds in the Fund Financial Statements. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and expenditures. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The Council uses governmental fund types. The focus of the governmental fund measurement (in the fund statements) is on the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than on net income. An additional emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental fund types. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Council or if its total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures are at least 10 % of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.

Governmental fund equity is called fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved being further divided into designated and undesignated. Reserved means that the fund balance is not available for expenditure because resources have already been expended (but not consumed), or a legal restriction has been placed on certain assets that makes them only available to meet future obligations. Designated fund balances result when management tentatively sets aside or earmarks certain resources to expend in a designated manner. In contrast to reserved fund balances, designated amounts can be changed at the discretion of management.

The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Council:

- * The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Council. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Included in the General Fund are PCOA (Act 735) funds appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature. The Council may use these funds at its discretion for persons at least 60 years old.
- * Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. A large percentage of the Council's special revenue funds are Title III funds. These funds are provided by the United States Department of Health and Human Services-Administration on Aging to the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs, which in turn passes through the funds to the Cenla Area Agency on Aging, which passes through the funds to the Council on a predetermined unit cost reimbursement basis.

The Council has established several special revenue funds. The following is a brief description of each special revenue fund's purpose:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

Major Special Revenue Funds

The Title III B Fund is used to account for funds which are used to provide various units of supportive social services to the elderly. GOEA has established the criteria for defining a qualifying unit of service for each Title III B program.

The Title III C-1 Fund is used to account for funds that are used to provide nutritional, congregate meals to the elderly at meal sites located in the Parish. During the year the Council served 14,145 meals to people eligible to participate in this program.

The Title III C-2 Fund is used to account for funds that are used to provide nutritional meals to homebound older persons. The Council served 13,220 meals during the year to people eligible to participate in this program.

The Title III E Fund accounts for the resources and activities of the National Family Caregiver Support Program. The purpose of the program is to provide multifaceted systems of support services for the family caregivers of older individuals who are relative caregivers.

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

The Title III D Fund is used to account for funds used for disease prevention and health promotion activities.

The Utility Assistance Fund is used to account for the administration of utility assistance that is sponsored by local utility companies. The companies collect contributions from service customers and remit the funds to the Parish Councils on aging to provide assistance to the elderly for the payment of utility bills. The Council receives its utility assistance donations directly from Entergy Corporation which are provided through the East Baton Rouge Council on Aging.

The Senior Center Fund is used to account for the administration of Senior Center program funds appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature to GOEA, who passes on the funds to the Council. The purpose of this program is to provide a community service center at which elderly people can receive supportive social services and participate in activities which foster their independence, enhance their dignity, and encourage their involvement in and with the community. The senior center for the Parish is located in Ferriday, La. Senior Center funds can be used at management's discretion to support any of the Council's programs that benefit the elderly. Accordingly, during the fiscal year, the Senior Center Fund transferred all of its grant revenue to the Title III B Fund to purchase units of service for elderly persons who use the senior center.

The Supplemental Senior Center Fund was established to account for funds that were appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature for the various councils on aging throughout Louisiana to supplement each council's primary grant for senior center operations and activities. The Council was one of the parish councils to receive a supplemental grant. The money received by this fund during the year was transferred to the Title III B Fund to supplement the senior center services purchased from this fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

F. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

* Accrual Basis-Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the Council as a whole. Both of these statements have been prepared using the economic measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

* Modified Accrual Basis-Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Government fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they are both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Council considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exceptions to this general rule are that un-matured principle and interest on long-term debt, if any, are recorded when due, and claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid with expendable available financial resources.

G. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as either loans or transfers. Loans between funds are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers represent a permanent reallocation of resources between funds. Transfers between funds are netted against one another as part of the reconciliation of the change in fund balances in the fund financial statements to the change in net assets in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and petty cash. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at their carrying amounts that equal their fair values.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

I. Investments

GASB Statement No. 31 requires the Council to report its investments at fair value, except for investments in non-participating interest earning contracts, such as non-negotiable certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates. This type of investment is reported using a cost based measure, provided that the fair market value of the contract is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or other factors.

Investments that include securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued based on their last reported sales price. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

J. Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long lived assets that have been purchased or acquired with an original cost of at least \$ 1,000 and that have an estimated useful life of greater than one year. When purchased or acquired, these assets are recorded as capital assets in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. In contrast, in the Fund Financial Statements, capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the fund that provided the resources to acquire the asset. If the asset was purchased, it is recorded in the books at its cost. If the asset was donated, then it is recorded at its estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Capital assets recorded in the Government-Wide Financial Statements are depreciated using the straight-line method for the assets estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives of the various classes of capital assets are as follows:

Buildings	30	years
Building Improvements	20	years
Equipment	5-10	years
Furniture	10	years
Vehicles	5	years
Computers	3	years

Salvage values have not been estimated by management when calculating how much of an asset's cost needs to be depreciated except for vehicles. For that category of capital assets, management has used 10 % of the vehicle's initial cost as a salvage value estimate.

Depreciation is not computed or recorded on capital assets for purposes of the Fund Financial Statements.

K. Compensated Absences

Annual leave is earned by employees and may be carried over into the next year at a rate of no more than one year's accumulation. This amount is not significant and has not been recorded in the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

L. Management's Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Elimination and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

NOTE 2 Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recorded in the Government-Wide Statements when they are earned under the accrual basis of accounting. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept, intergovernmental grant revenues, program service fees, and interest income are usually both measurable and available. However, the timing and amounts of the receipts are often difficult to measure; therefore, they are recorded as revenue in the period received.

NOTES: Cash

The Council maintains a checking account at Concordia Bank & Trust Co. The consolidated bank account is available for use by all funds. The purpose of this account is to reduce administration costs and facilitate cash balances to cover any negative cash balances in other funds at year end. At June 30, 2009, the balance of the Council's bank accounts totaled \$ 53,909. All of the deposits were covered by Federal depository insurance. GASB Statement No. 3 categorized the credit risk of these deposits as Category 1 because they are fully insured. The collected bank balances totaled \$ 65,543. At June 30, 2009, the balance of certificates of deposits were \$ 45,433. The Council maintains pledged securities with Concordia Bank with an original face value of \$ 90,000 and a market value at June 30, 2009 of \$ 90,000.

NOTE 4 Contracts Receivable

Government grants and contracts receivable represent amounts owed to the Council under a grant award or contract with a provider of Federal, State, or local funds; such amounts being measurable and available as of year end.

Government grants and contracts receivable at year end consist of the following:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

Program	Fund	Funding Agency	A	mount
Title III-B	Special Revenue	Cenia AAA	\$	3,770
Title III C-1	Special Revenue	Cenla AAA		2,626
Title III C-2	Special Revenue	Cenla AAA		2,993
Title III E	Special Revenue	Cenla AAA		2,739
Title III D	Special Revenue	Cenla AAA		281
		Total	\$	12,409

NOTE 5 Changes in Property and Equipment

A summary of changes in property and equipment follows:

	Balance 6/30/2008	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2009
Land	\$ 5,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,000
Buildings	67,014	-	-	67,014
Furniture and Equipment	5,780	2,065	-	7,845
Vehicles	137,210			137,210
Totals	\$215,004	\$ _2,065_	\$	\$ 217,069

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows: Supportive Services:

Recreation and Other	\$ 3,338
Transportation	14,018
	\$ 17,356

NOTE 6 Board of Directors' Compensation

The Board of Directors is a voluntary board; therefore, no compensation has been paid to any member. However, board members are reimbursed for any out of pocket costs that they might incur on behalf of the Council in accordance with the Council's applicable reimbursement policy.

NOTE 7 Income Tax Status

The Council is a non-profit corporation and is exempt from Federal income taxation under Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and as an organization that is not a private foundation as defined in Section 509 (a) of the code. It is also exempt from Louisiana income tax.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 8 Judgments, Claims and Similar Contingencies

There is no litigation pending against the Council as of year end. The Council's management believes that any potential lawsuits would be adequately covered by insurance or resolved without any material impact upon the Council's financial statements.

NOTE 9 Contingencies-Grant Programs

The Council participates in a number of State and Federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the Council has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received and the collection of any related receivable at year end may be impaired. In management's opinion, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing. State and Federal grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies. Audits of prior years have not resulted in any significant disallowed costs or refunds. Any costs that would be disallowed would be recognized in the period agreed upon by the grantor agency and the Council.

NOTE 10 Economic Dependency

The Council receives the majority of its revenue through grants from the Louisiana Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) and awarded to the Cenla Area Agency on Aging, Inc. who awards these grants to the Council on a per unit of service provided. The grant amounts are appropriated each year by Federal and State governments. If significant budget cuts are made at the Federal and/or State level, the amount of funds the Council receives could be reduced significantly and have an adverse impact on its operations. Management is not aware of any actions that will adversely affect the amount of funds the Council will receive in the next fiscal year.

NOTE Risk Management

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council has purchased commercial insurance to cover or reduce the risk of loss that might arise should one of these incidents occur. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. No settlements have been made.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 2 Inter-fund Transfers

Operating transfers in and out are listed by fund for fiscal year ended 2009:

		Transferred	d Out	_		
Transferred In	Local	PCOA	Senior Center		Supp Senior Center	 Total In
Title 111 B	\$ 2,332	\$ 27,772	\$ 28,517	\$	3,100	\$ 61,721
Title 111 C-1	5,274	12,840	-		-	18,114
Title 111 D	88	582	-		-	670
Title 111 E	5,369	4,695	-		•	10,064
Tide 111 C-2	15,698	11,611				27,309
Utility Assistance	5					 5
Total Out	\$ 28,766	\$ 57,500	\$ 28,517	\$	3,100	\$ 117,883

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

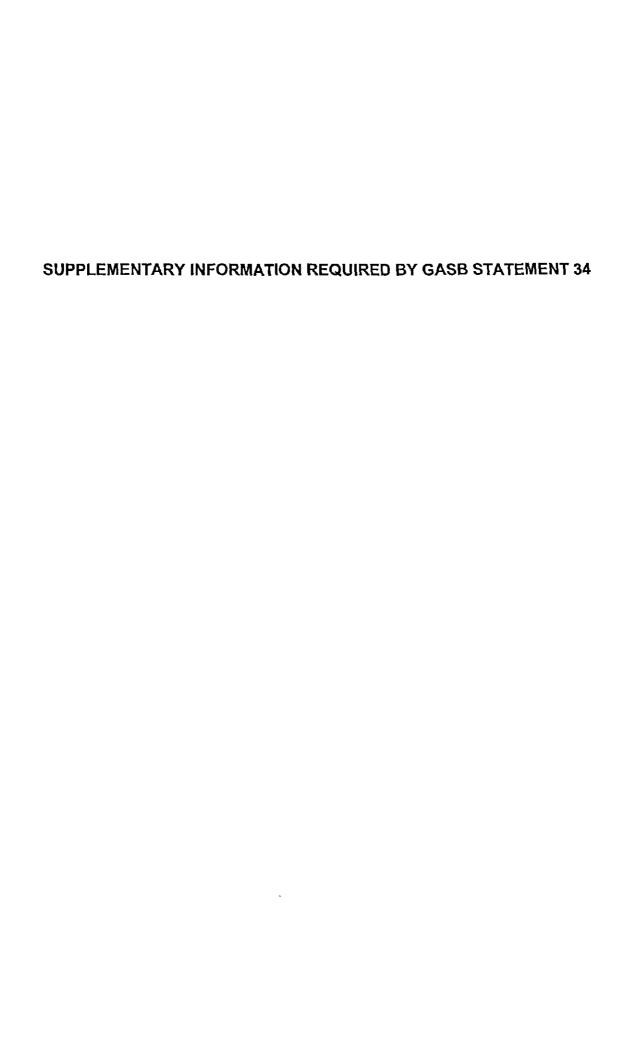
These transfers were eliminated as a part of the consolidation process in preparing the Government Wide Financial Statements.

NOTE 14 Related Party Transactions

There were no related party transactions during the year.

NOTE 15 Future Revenue

Concordia Parish passed a (4) mill tax call on November 4, 2008. The purpose of the tax is to acquire, improve, maintain and operate facilities, equipment, programs and services for senior citizens in the parish. The Council expects to receive it's first revenues from this tax during the year ending June 30, 2010.



Vidalia, Louisiana

Budgetary Comparison Schedule-General Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
intergovernmental;				
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 37,500	\$ 57,500	\$ 57,500	\$ -
Police Jury	25,500	25,500	26,355	855
United Way	-	7,500	-	(7,500)
Investment Income	1,700	550	1,428	878
Public Support	28,500	31,022	3,896	(27,126)
Total Revenues	93,200	122,072	89,179	(32,893)
EXPENDITURE\$				
Current:				
Salaries	-	-	-	-
Fringe	-	-	-	-
Travel	-	-	-	•
Operating Services	-	-	•	•
Operating Supplies	-	-	-	-
Other Costs	-	-	720	(720)
Capital Outlay		2,065	2,065	
Total Expenditures		2,065	2,785	(720)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	93,200	120,007	86,394	(33,613)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)				
Transfers In	•	-	-	•
Transfers Out		<u> </u>	(86,266)	(86,266)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses			(86,266)	(86,266)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances	93,200	120,007	128	(119,879)
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of Year	110,649	110,649	110,649	<u> </u>
End of Year	\$ 203,849	\$ 230,656	\$ 110,777	\$ (119,879)

Vidalia , Louisiana

Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Title III B Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental				
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs				
Passed through Cenla Area Agency on Aging	\$ 40,665	\$ 40,655	\$ 41,038	\$ 383
United Way	-	3,750	5,000	1,250
Public Support	2,821	2,100	2,045	(55)
Investment Income			-	-
Total Revenues	43,486	46,505	48,083	1,578
EXPENDITURES				
Current;				
Salaries	76,632	73,464	70,925	2,539
Fringe	9,775	9,297	7,149	2,148
Travel	688	1,369	846	523
Operating Services	28,109	28,10 6	27,756	350
Operating Supplies	9,756	11,490	2,917	8,573
Other Cost		-	211	(211)
Total Expenditures	124,960	123,726	109,804	13,922
Excess (Deficiency) Of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(81,474)	(77,221)	(61,721)	15,500
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)				
Transfers In	81,474	77,221	61,721	(15,500)
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	81,474	77,221	61,721	(15,500)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of Year				-
End of Year	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u>	<u> </u>

Vidalia , Louisiana

Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Title III C-1 Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental:				
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs				
Passed through Cenla Area Agency on Aging FEMA	\$ 10,213	\$ 10,213	\$ 8,537 250	\$ (1,676) 250
Public Support	4,011	3,800	3,766	(34)
Total Revenues	14,224	14,013	12,553	(1,460)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Salaries	21,419	23,917	25,259	(1,342)
Fringe	2,733	3,031	2,144	887
Travel	155	349	217	132
Operating Services	2,307	2,772	2,316	456
Operating Supplies	1,467	1,489	692	797
Other Cost			39_	(39)
Total Expenditures	28,081	31,558	30,667	891
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(13,857)	(17,545)	(18,114)	(569)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)				
Transfers In	13,857	17,545	18,114	569
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	13,857	17,545	18,114	569
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances	.	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year			<u>-</u>	
End of Year	<u>\$</u> -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

CONCORDIA COUNCIL ON AGING, INC. Vidalia, Louisiana

Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Title III C-2 Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
			GAAP	Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Basis	(Olliavorable)	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental:					
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs					
Passed through Cenia Area Agency on Aging	\$ 25,889	\$ 25,889	\$ 24,740	\$ (1,149)	
FEMA	•	-	250	250	
United Way		3,750	5,000	1,250	
Public Support	2,637	2,637	3,021	384_	
Total Revenues	28,526	32,276	33,011	735	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Salaries	34,388	36,302	35,697	605	
Fringe	4,386	4,593	3,542	1,051	
Travel	322	709	380	329	
Operating Services	8,735	21,240	19,807	1,433	
Operating Supplies	96 7	1,254	816	438	
Other Cost			78_	(78)	
Total Expenditures	48,798	64,098	60,320	3,778	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(20,272)	(31,822)	(27,309)	4,513	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)					
Transfers In	20,272	31,822	27,309	(4,513)	
Transfers Out					
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	20,272	31,822	27,309	(4.513)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-	
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of Year					
End of Year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$	\$	

Vidalia , Louisiana

Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Title III E Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable)	
			<u></u>		
REVENUES Intergovernmental:					
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs					
Passed through Cenla Area Agency on Aging	\$ 21,266	\$ 21,266	\$ 21,471	\$ 205	
Total Revenues	21,266	21,266	21,471	205	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Salaries	22,321	24,188	22,211	1,977	
Fringe	2,847	3,064	2,230	834	
Travel	2,311	4,247	4,052	195	
Operating Services	2, 4 77	3,061	2,556	505	
Operating Supplies	194	284	443	(159)	
Other Cost		-	43	(43)	
Total Expenditures	30,150	34,844	31,535_	3,309	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(8,884)	(13,578)	(10,064)	3,514	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)					
Transfers In	8,884	13,578	10,064	(3,514)	
Transfers Out			<u>-</u>		
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	8,884	13,578	10,064	(3,514)	
Net increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances	-	-	•	-	
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of Year					
End of Year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	



CONCORDIA COUNCIL ON AGING, INC. Vidalia, Louisiana

SCHEDULE OF NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Title III D	Utility Assistance	Supplemental Senior Center	Senior Center	nter	Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental:						
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	. ·	•	\$ 3,100	\$ 28,	28,517	\$ 31,617
Passed Through Cenia						1
Area Agency on Aging	2,836		•		ı	2,836
Public Support: Energy Receipts		\$ 4,269	•		· -	4,269
Total Revenues	2,836	4,269	3,100	28,	28,517	38,722
EXPENDITURES						
Salaries	2,844	•	•		•	2,844
	344		•		t	344
	18	4	7		•	18
Operating Services	192	•	•		•	192
Supplies	100	•	•		•	100
ost :	æ	•	•			∞
ssístance	•	5,645	•		•	5,645
Capital Outlays	•	`			' -	1
Total Expenditures	3,506	5,645			` '}	9,151
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(670)	(1,376)	3,100	28,517	517	29,571

675 (31,617)	(30,942)	(1,371)	1,371	\$
(28,517)	(28,517)		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(3,100)	(3,100)	•		€9
י נט	ro O	(1,371)	1,371	€5
670	029	•	•	€5
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances	FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	End of Year

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Vidalia, Loulsiana

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS AND CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

GENERAL FIXED ASSETS, AT COST	Balance June 30, 2008	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2009
Land	\$ 5,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,000
Buildings	67,014	_	•	67,014
Vehicles	137,210	-	-	137,210
Furniture and Equipment	5,780	2,065		7,845
Total General Fixed Assets	\$215,004	\$ 2,065	\$	\$217,069
INVESTMENT IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS				
Section 5310	\$109,768	\$ -	\$ -	\$109,768
Act 735	30,666	_	-	30,666
Title 111B	594	-	-	594
Title 111C-1	125	-	-	125
Title 111C-2	262	-	-	262
Title 111D	14	-	<u></u>	14
Title 111E	100	-	-	100
General/ Local	73,475	2,065		75,540
Total Investment In General				
Fixed Assets	\$215,004	\$ 2,065	<u>\$</u>	\$217,069

OTHER REPORT REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Paul Dauzat, CPA

MEMBER
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

P.O. Box 12359 Alexandria, LA 71315 MEMBER SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Concordia Council on Aging, Inc. Vidalia, Louisiana

I have audited the financial statements of the Concordia Council on Aging, Inc. as of June 30, 2009, and have issued my report thereon dated September 22, 2009. I conducted my audit in accordance with United States generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Concordia Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Concordia Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Concordia Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Concordia Council on Aging, Inc.'s ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Concordia Council on Aging, Inc.'s financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Concordia Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Concordia Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Concordia Council on Aging, Inc.'s financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, and Federal and State agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Paul Dauzat

Certified Public Accountant

September 22, 2009

CONCORDIA COUNCIL ON AGING, INC. SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

I have audited the financial statements of Concordia Council on Aging, Inc. as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued my report thereon dated September 22, 2009. I conducted my audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My audit of the financial statements as of June 30, 2009 resulted in an unqualified opinion.

Section 1-Summary of Auditor's Reports

Report on Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial St	atements					
Internal Control:						
Material Weaknesses Yes X No Reportable Conditions	Yes X No					
Compliance:						
Non Compliance Material to Financial Statements	Yes X No					
Section 11-Financial Statement Findings or Questioned Costs.						

There were no financial statement findings or questioned costs.

CONCORDIA COUNCIL ON AGING, INC. SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section 1-Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

There were no internal control or compliance findings for the year ended June 30, 2008.